



Roman Catholic Diocese of
Hexham and Newcastle

St Mary's RC Primary School
Assessment Without Levels
English: WRITING





	Emerging 1	Emerging 2	Developing 1	Developing 2	Secure 1	Secure 2	Depth
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaks in sentences. Organises writing correctly (top to bottom, left to right). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Composes phrases and sentences orally. Shows awareness of how full stops are used in writing or reading. Writing may need some mediation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to use capital letters for names. Begins to recognise some basic punctuation in print. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Composes phrases and sentences orally and attempts to replicate them in writing (little mediation needed). Uses capital letters and full stops at times. Recognises basic punctuation, question marks and exclamation marks in print. Understands that 'and' can join words and sentences. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes a sentence that makes sense using capital letters and full stops. Uses some descriptive language. Uses 'and' to join words and clauses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sequences sentences to from short narratives. Uses capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week and the personal pronoun 'I'. Begins to use question marks and exclamation marks in writing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use and understand the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading, across a range of curriculum areas.
Spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Names some of the letters of the alphabet. Spells vc words. Spells cvc words (short and long vowels). Spells words with adjacent consonants, e.g. 'scrap', 'went', 'stamp', 'jump'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells words ending 'ff', 'll', 'ss', 'zz', 'ck'. Spells words ending with the 'ng' sound ('n' before 'k'). Names the letters of the alphabet in order. Spells some of the Yr 1 CEW/ HFW correctly. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells words with consonant digraphs and some vowel digraphs/ trigraphs. Spells alternative vowel phonemes ('ay', 'ai', 'a_e'). Spells words ending in 'y'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells new consonant spellings 'ph' and 'wh'. Begins to spell the singular plural of words. Segment into syllables to divide words when spelling. Spells the majority of the Yr 1 CEW/ HFW correctly (over 75%). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell days of the week. Spell numbers to 20. Spell words ending in 'tch'. Spell compound words. Spell plurals of nouns and verbs adding 's' and 'es' to words. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell verbs where no change is needed to the root word. Adding endings 'ing', 'ed', 'er'. Spell adjectives where no change is needed to the root word. Adding 'er', 'est'. Spell words with the addition of the prefix 'un'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.
Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sits correctly at the table holding a pencil comfortably and correctly. Distinguishes between lower case letters and capital letters. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spaces evident between words. Uses knowledge of handwriting 'families' to begin to form letters correctly. Correctly forms the digits 0-9. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Forms capital letters correctly. Begins to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Letters formed correctly, correct spacing between words and correct grip used as a matter of habit.
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sequences short narratives orally and pictorially based on real and fictional experiences. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says out loud what is going to be written about. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to write short narratives based on real and fictional experiences. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Includes a simple beginning, middle and end in writing. Discusses what they have written with teacher or to other pupils. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses a simple plan (e.g. a storyboard, a flowchart). Writes short narratives based on real and fictional experiences. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Re-reads what has been written to check it makes sense. Makes simple changes to writing where suggested. Reads aloud own writing clearly enough to be heard by peers and the teacher. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confidently plans a piece of writing. Writes a narrative with a beginning, middle and end. Can suggest improvements to own writing after hearing it read back, through discussion.



Year 2 Assessment: WRITING

	Emerging 1	Emerging 2	Developing 1	Developing 2	Secure 1	Secure 2	Depth
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses subordinating conjunctions (joining words): <i>and, or, but, so</i>. Uses simple <u>adjectives</u> for description. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understands and uses the terms <u>noun</u>, <u>verb</u> and <u>adjective</u>. Uses question marks and exclamation marks in writing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Beginning to use adverbs in writing, e.g. <i>happily, quietly</i>. Understands and uses the term <u>adverb</u>. Beginning to use <u>past</u> and <u>present</u> tense correctly. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Beginning to use subordinating conjunctions (joining words): <i>when, if, because, as</i>. Uses <u>commas</u> in lists. Uses <u>apostrophe</u> for contraction. Uses capital letters for proper nouns accurately some of the time. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognises and writes (grammatically correct) different types of sentences: statements, questions, commands and exclamations. Uses capital letters for proper nouns accurately almost all of the time. Uses the past and present tense correctly throughout writing including the progressive form. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses a full range of punctuation almost always correctly: full stops, question marks, exclamation marks, commas in lists, apostrophe for contraction and apostrophe for singular possession. Uses expanded noun phrases, adjectives and adverbs for description and specification. Understands and uses coordinating and subordinating conjunctions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use and understand the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading, across a range of curriculum areas.
Spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words with the 'n' sound spelt 'kn' and 'gn' at the beginning of words. Spell words with the 'r' sound spelt 'wr' at the beginning of words. Spell words with the 'j' sound spelt as 'ge', 'dge', 'g'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words with the 's' sound spelt 'c' before e, l, y. Adding 'ing', 'ed', 'er', 'est', 'y' to words ending in 'e' with an a consonant before it. Begins to select correct GPCs in spelling. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells words ending in: 'le', 'el', 'al', and 'il'. Adds 'ies' to nouns and verbs ending in 'y'. Adds 'ed', 'ing', 'er', 'est' to a root word ending in 'y' with a consonant before it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells words with the <u>suffix 'ly'</u>. Uses 'ly' to turn <i>adjectives into adverbs</i>. Selects correct GPCs in spelling. Words with contractions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses phonic knowledge to spell simple monosyllabic and polysyllabic words. Recognises own spelling mistakes and attempts to self correct. Spell words with the suffixes: 'ment', 'ness', 'ful', 'less' Adds 'ing', 'ed', 'er', 'est', 'y' to words of one syllable ending in a single letter after a short vowel. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells frequently used homophones/ near homophones. Spells words using the possessive apostrophe (singular nouns). Spells words ending in 'tion'. Spells most Yr 2 CEW & HFW words correctly. Compound nouns. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells almost all of the Yr 2 CEW words correctly. Correctly application of spelling rules in independent writing. Recognises and self corrects own spelling mistakes without prompting.
Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Forms lower case letters of the correct size relative to one another. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handwriting is legible with almost all lower case letters and capital letters accurately and consistently formed, and of the correct size and orientation. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Words are almost always appropriately and consistently spaced in relation to the size of the letters. Some diagonal and horizontal strokes are used to join letters. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible and fluent with letters formed correctly, consistent size with appropriate joins.
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plans out loud what is going to be written. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses basic layout conventions in different forms of writing. Creates simple plans to support writing. Makes simple changes to writing where appropriate. Proof-reads own writing to check for basic errors. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes down key ideas and words (inc. some new vocabulary drawn from listening to, and talking about, whole books to develop plans). Begins to choose words for effect. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develops stamina to write at increased length. Considers word choice, grammar and punctuation. Re-reads own writing to check for sense, basic errors and meaning. Reads aloud writing with appropriate intonation to make meaning clear. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses plans to support writing. Links ideas and events using strategies to create 'flow'. Makes appropriate additions, revisions and corrections. Proof reads to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes for different purposes (inc. poetry). Writes narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional). Evaluates the effective use of word choice, grammar and punctuation. Re-reads writing to check for correct and consistent tense. Evaluates writing with teachers and peers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to write clearly, accurately and coherently for a range of purposes across the curriculum. Plan, draft, write and evaluate own work to enhance the effectiveness of what is written. Perform independent compositions, using appropriate intonation and volume. Exhibits skills with confidence and independence.



	Emerging 1	Emerging 2	Developing 1	Developing 2	Secure 1	Secure 2	Depth
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses a wide range of <u>conjunctions</u> to join sentences and develop ideas, e.g. <i>when, if, because, although</i>. Begins to select words for effect. Begins to show variety of sentence openers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses a range of punctuation with increasing accuracy: <i>full stops, question marks, exclamation marks, commas in a list</i>. Uses pronouns to avoid repetition, e.g. <i>he, she, they</i>. Apostrophe for singular possession, e.g. <i>Jake's bag</i>. Apostrophe for contraction. Uses a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or vowel, e.g. <i>an apple, a car</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to use apostrophe for plural possession with singular and plural nouns. Selects words for effect to support purpose and engage readers' interests. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understands main clauses. Begins to use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses a varied and rich vocabulary. Express time, place and cause by using prepositions, e.g. <i>before, after, during, in</i>. Uses the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past, e.g. <i>'He has gone out to play' rather than 'He went out to play.'</i> Expresses time, place and cause using adverbs, e.g. <i>then, next, soon, therefore</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to understand subordinate clauses. Uses a full range of punctuation accurately and effectively: <i>full stops, question marks, exclamation marks, commas in a list, apostrophe for contraction</i>. Apostrophe for singular possession and inverted commas for direct speech. Expresses time, place and cause using conjunctions, e.g. <i>when, before, after, so</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use and understand the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading, across a range of curriculum areas.
Spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words with the 'ai' sound spelt 'ei', 'eigh' or 'ey'. Spell words containing the 'u' sound spelt 'ou'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adds suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more than one syllable (words ending with a single consonant preceded by a short vowel double the consonant before adding 'ing'). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words with the 'l' sound spelt 'y', not just when positioned at the end of words. Spell words using prefixes: 'un', 'dis', 'mis', 'in', 'im', 'il', 'ir', 're', 'sub', 'inter', 'super', 'anti', 'auto'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct use of possessive apostrophe with regular and irregular plural words. Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes, e.g. <i>'super', 'anti', 'auto'</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the first 2 or 3 letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary. Spell words using knowledge of a word family, e.g. <i>'solve', 'solution', 'solver'</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly spell some of the commonly mis-spelt words from the Yr 3/4 list. From memory write simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, which include words and punctuation taught so far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell the majority (over 80%) of the Yr 3/4 words correctly.
Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lines of writing are sufficiently spaced so that ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters, showing understanding of which letters, when adjacent to each other, are best left unjoined. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible and consistent, almost always of a very high standard. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neat, legible and usually maintaining a joined style.
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discuss and informally record ideas. Shows awareness of target audience. Sentences composed, orally at first, using a wider range of structures and increasing vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to use paragraphs to group related material. Shows increasing awareness of the audience and purpose of different types of writing. Uses a range of planning strategies and tools. Ability to discuss models of writing, noting structure, grammatical features and vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reads aloud own writing using appropriate intonation and controlling the volume so that the meaning is clear. Compose narratives with a clear structure, setting, characters and plot. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Headings and sub-headings used to aid presentation in non narrative writing. Writes for a range of real purposes and audiences as part of their work across the curriculum (separate writing to be evidenced in topic books). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses texts similar to those that they are planning to write, to understand and learn from its structure. Proof reads for spelling, grammar and punctuation errors and self corrects appropriately. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Structures and organises writing with a beginning, middle and end across a range of text types. Assesses the effectiveness of own and others' writing. Variety of sentences with more than one clause, by using a range of conjunctions, to engage readers interest. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to write clearly, accurately and coherently for a range of purposes across the curriculum. Plan, draft, write and evaluate own work to enhance the effectiveness of what is written. Perform independent compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear. Exhibits skills with confidence and independence.



	Emerging 1	Emerging 2	Developing 1	Developing 2	Secure 1	Secure 2	Depth
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of fronted adverbials, e.g. <i>In a rush, In the afternoon, Under the bridge.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of noun phrases which are expanded by adding modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases. Apostrophes to mark singular and plural possession, e.g. <i>the boy's bag, the girls' toilets (for lots of girls).</i> Understands the grammatical difference between plural and possessive -s. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard English form used for verb inflections instead of local spoken form, e.g. <i>'we were' not 'we was' and 'I did' not 'I done', ensuring grammatical accuracy.</i> Selects, and uses, vocabulary which is appropriate to task, audience and purpose. Nouns and pronouns chosen appropriately for clarity, cohesion and to avoid repetition. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Commas used to demarcate fronted adverbials. Increasingly aware of subordinate clauses and experiments with their position in sentences. Conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions used to express time and cause. Some correct use, and punctuation of, direct speech, e.g. <i>My friend said, "come over to my house."</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes with clear grammatical accuracy. Extends the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including: <i>when, if, because, although</i>, utilising an increased range of structure (simple, compound and complex) Identifies parts of speech (now including possessive pronouns and determiners). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses subordinate clauses and fronted adverbials which are correctly punctuated using commas. Punctuates direct speech correctly, using commas after reporting clause and new speaker, new line. Correct use of present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use and understand the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading, across a range of curriculum areas.
Spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the suffixes: <i>ly, ation, ous</i> correctly. Use the prefixes: <i>'dis', 'mis', 'in'</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise and spell homophones from the Yr 3/4 list; Appendix 1. Spell words ending with: <i>'sure' and 'ture'</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words with the 'k' sound spelt 'ch'. Spell words with the 'sh' sound spelt 'ch'. Spell words with endings sounding 'shun': <i>tion, sion, ssion, cian.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words ending with the 'g' sound spelt 'gue' and the 'k' sound spelt 'que'. Spell words with the 's' sound spelt 'sc'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the first 2 or 3 letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary. Place possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular and irregular plurals. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly spell at least 50% of the commonly mis-spelt words from the Yr 3/4 list. Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell the majority (over 90%) of the Yr 3/4 words correctly. Spell some words from the Yr 5/6 list correctly.
Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lines of writing are sufficiently spaced so that ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters, showing understanding of which letters, when adjacent to each other, are best left unjoined. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible and consistent, almost always of a very high standard. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neat, legible and usually maintaining a joined style. 		
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Orally rehearse and compose a sentence or sequence of sentences with a varied and rich vocabulary (see English Appendix 2). Discuss and informally record ideas. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choosing appropriate pronouns and nouns within and across sentences to support cohesion and avoid repetition. Proof reads for spelling, grammar and punctuation errors, self-correcting as the writing develops. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attempts to make simple links between paragraphs. Plans effectively for a range of writing. Decisions about writing are based on awareness of audience and purpose. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reads aloud their own writing to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controls the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear. Proposes changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency. Interesting detail used when describing characters, setting and plot; emphasis on one or two of these. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Creates settings, characters and plot in narratives, providing interesting detail via a range of devices. Organises paragraphs around a central theme. Use a range of sentences which have more than one clause. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes non-narratives using appropriate organisational devices, headings and sub-headings. Variety of sentence structures used to vary pace, emphasis and engage reader. Discusses models of writing, noting its structure, grammatical features and vocab; writing similar to that which they are planning to write, in order to learn from it. Assesses the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggests improvements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to write clearly, accurately and coherently for a range of purposes across the curriculum. Plan, draft, write and evaluate own work to enhance the effectiveness of what is written. Perform independent compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear. Exhibits skills with confidence and independence.



	Emerging 1	Emerging 2	Developing 1	Developing 2	Secure 1	Secure 2	Depth
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selects words for effect to support purpose and engage readers interest. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Considers the impact and effect of vocabulary and grammar choices when re-reading own and others' writing. Uses relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, or that with or without a relative pronoun. Recognises vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to use modal verbs, e.g. might, should, will, must, to indicate degrees of possibility. Limited evidence of passive verb use, e.g. <i>the cake was eaten by the child.</i> Apostrophes for contractions used correctly most of the time. Colon to introduce a list. Independent use of a thesaurus refining word choice. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confident use of passive verbs, e.g. <i>the window was broken.</i> Brackets, dashes and commas to indicate relative clauses. Uses correctly most of the time: <i>capital letters, full stops, question marks, exclamation marks, commas for a list.</i> Punctuating bullet points consistently. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vocabulary chosen to compliment purpose. Confident use of modal verbs and adverbs, e.g. perhaps, surely, to indicate a degree of possibility. Hyphens to avoid ambiguity. Expanded noun phrases used to convey complicated information concisely. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity. Brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis. Semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses. Perfect form of verbs used to mark relationships of time and cause. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use and understand the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading, across a range of curriculum areas.
Spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a thesaurus to locate a variety of synonyms. Spell some words with silent letters. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correct spelling of words containing the letter string 'ough'. Can distinguish between some of the homophones in English Appendix 1. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Application of a range of spelling strategies. Spell words with the 'ee' sound spelt 'ei' after c. Spell most words correctly (Yr 3/4 list). Correct use of a dictionary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes, eg. 'ate', 'is', 'ify'. Spell verbs with prefixes, e.g. 'dis', 'de', 'mis', 'over', 're'. Spell some words correctly (Yr 4/5 list). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell words ending in: 'able' and 'ible'. Use the first 3 or 4 letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both in a dictionary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly spell at least 50% of the commonly mis-spelt words from the Yr 5/6 list. Spell words ending in: 'ably' and 'ibly'. Understanding that some words need to be learnt specifically; Appendix 1. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell the majority (over 80%) of the Yr 5/6 words correctly.
Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write legibly deciding whether or not to join specific letters. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write legibly with increasing fluency and speed, choosing the writing implement which is best suited to the task. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible, fluent and joined up handwriting. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible, fluent, joined and adapted to suit task.
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use paragraphs to organise ideas, building around a topic sentence. Use the present tense and/or past tense correctly most of the time. Demonstrates growing awareness of audience and purpose. Ability to note and subsequently develop an initial idea, drawing on reading and research when necessary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use grammar and vocabulary to create an impact on the reader: <i>use of formal phrases, use of complex/simple sentences.</i> Start sentences using a variety of openers: <i>when, although, if, meanwhile, furthermore, time connectives.</i> Summarises a paragraph. Begins to develop characters and settings through selection of effective vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proof reads own work for spelling and punctuation errors, editing appropriately. Selects appropriate formats and forms to suit audiences and purpose. Evidence of commas being used to clarify meaning in a sentence. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Link paragraphs using adverbials, e.g. time (later), place (nearby), number (secondly), tense choices (he had seen her before). Uses own reading, what is listened to and what is seen as models to support the development of character, setting and atmosphere. Edits own work and offers suggestions to others to improve the impact and effect of writing. Vocabulary, punctuation and grammar changes enhance effect and clarify meaning. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Different organisational and presentational devices used, e.g. <i>subheading, bullet points</i>, matching features and text structure correctly to guide the reader. Begins to précis (concise summary) longer passages. Makes effective changes when editing own work. Demonstrates a growing awareness of how authors develop character and setting; characters developed through a balance of action and dialogue. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies the audience for, and purpose of, the writing, selecting the appropriate form and uses similar writing as a model for independent writing. Uses devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs. Correct use of stylistic devices to create effects in writing: <i>show not tell, similes, metaphors, alliteration, persuasive, personification.</i> Makes effective changes when editing own work and others' work. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ability to write clearly, accurately and coherently for a range of purposes across the curriculum. Plan, draft, write and evaluate own work to enhance the effectiveness of what is written. Perform independent compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear. Exhibits skills with confidence and independence.



	Emerging 1	Emerging 2	Developing 1	Developing 2	Secure 1	Secure 2	Depth
Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify the subject and object within a sentence. Commas used to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing, marking phrases and clauses. Recognises vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Colons to introduce a list and semi-colons within lists. Understands how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms. Modal verbs or adverbs used to indicate degrees of possibility. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Knows the difference between the <u>active</u> and the <u>passive</u> voice. Punctuates bullet points consistently. Perfect form of verbs used to relationship between time and cause. Confident use of relative clauses beginning with: <i>who, which, where, when, whose, that</i> or <i>with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Varies length, structure and subject of sentences to extend meaning and interest to the reader. Uses hyphens to avoid ambiguity. Uses expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Passive voice used to effect the presentation of information in a sentence. Makes appropriate choices of grammar and vocabulary to clarify meaning including use of a thesaurus. Uses brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. Recognises the subjunctive form. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Colons, semi-colons and dashes to mark the boundaries between independent clauses. Uses a full range of punctuation appropriately and effectively to vary pace/ create atmosphere including <u>ellipsis</u>. Demonstrates appropriate use of vocabulary and grammar to suit both formal and informal situations. Confident use of subjunctive forms, e.g. <i>"if I were"</i>. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use and understand the grammatical terminology in Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading, across a range of curriculum areas.
Spelling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses a thesaurus efficiently and effectively. Uses a dictionary efficiently and effectively to check the spelling and meaning of words, using the first 3 or 4 letters as a guide. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused (see Appendix 1). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Words with the ending sound 'shus' spelt 'cious' or 'tious'. Words with the ending sound 'shul' spelt 'cial' or 'tial'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Words with the ending: 'ant', 'ance', 'ancy', 'ent', 'ence', 'ency'. Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words ending in 'fer'. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spells words with silent letters. Spells words using a hyphen to link a prefix to a route word. Understanding that some words need to be learnt specifically: Appendix 1 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Correctly spell at least 50% of the commonly mis-spelt words from the Yr 5/6 list. Uses the full range of spelling rules and patterns as listed in the English PoS for KS1 & KS2 accurately. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spell the majority (over 90%) of the Yr 5/6 words correctly.
Handwriting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write legibly deciding whether or not to join specific letters. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write legibly with increasing fluency and speed, choosing the writing implement which is best suited to the task. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible, fluent and joined up handwriting. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Legible, fluent, joined and adapted to suit task. 	
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies the audience for and the purpose of the piece of writing; uses similar writing as models. Notes and develops initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary. Describes settings, character and atmosphere to good effect selecting appropriate vocabulary and grammar; considering how authors have developed characters through what they have read, listened to or seen performed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Uses further organisational and presentational devices to structure texts and guide the reader, e.g. headings, sub-headings, columns, bullet points etc. Suggests changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning. Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes making conscious links to reading. Variety of sentence openers used to create specific effects, e.g. <i>Ed, Ing, Ly</i>. Integrates dialogue to convey character and advance action. Developed noun phrases to add detail in sentences, e.g. <i>The rusty old car with a wing mirror hanging off came round the corner.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Précises longer passages. Appropriately blend <i>Ed, Ing, Ly</i> openers, e.g. (<i>Running quickly, Having witnessed</i>). Links ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices: repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections such as 'on the other hand', and use of ellipsis. Evaluates own work and others writing and edits as appropriate. Sustain and develop ideas logically in narrative and non-narrative writing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Writes for a range of audiences and purposes. Introduces, develops and concludes paragraphs appropriately. Uses suitable forms with appropriate features for different text types; grammatical structure and features appropriate to the audience, purpose and degree of formality ensuring meaning is clear, creating effect. Ensures the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Précises longer passages confidently and appropriately. Uses drafting to make appropriate choices in grammar and vocabulary to clarify and enhance meaning. Proof reads writing for wider audience to ensure accuracy of spelling and punctuation. Correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing, choosing the appropriate register. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clear ability to write clearly, accurately and coherently for a range of purposes and audiences across the curriculum. Plan, draft, write and evaluate own work to enhance the effectiveness of what is written. Perform independent compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear. Exhibits skills with confidence and independence.